# FRANCE.

Favorable Election Prospects of the Government.

PARIS COMMUNISTS QUIET.

The Workmen and Insurgents to Refrain from Voting.

GAMBETTA IN PARIS.

Present Condition of M. Thiers' Health.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

VERSAILLES, June 26, 1871.

M. Thiers is slightly indisposed. PERSIGNY DECLINES.

M. Persigny declines to stand for the Assembly from the Department of the Loire.

FAVORABLE ACCOUNTS. The government has received favorable accounts

as to the prospects of its supporters in the elections. PARIS COMMUNISTS QUIET.

The Communists of Paris are quiet, but their organization is still kept up. COMMUNISTS NOT TO VOTE.

The Ferite says that, fearing detection, the Communists and workmen appear to have decided to zefrain from voting.

OFFICIAL DECREES. The Official Journal of to-day contains several official decrees relative to the loan and the war indemnity.

#### PARIS REPORTS.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The Orleans Princes-Urging Support of the Government-Vertel in Prison-Gambetta in Paris-Personal Items.

Pagis, June 26, 1871. The Figuro says the Orleans Princes will proceed to Fronsdorf, where they will await the decision of the country in silence.

URGING SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT. The constitutionnel urges the electors to ratify the policy of M. Thiers without conditions or

VERTEL IN PRISON. M. Vertet, late a member of the Communist Central Committee, has been arrested.

GAMBETTA IN PARIS. M. Gambetta has arrived in Paris, but leaves to-

morrow. He has accepted the candidacy to the Assembly from one of the districts of Paris. THERS' HEALTH.

President Thiers has been suffering from a cold,

butis now better. PLOQUET RELEASED.

diaries Floquet has been discharged from confine-FRANCOIS ARRESTED.

d. Francois, ex-Director of the Roquette Prison, wis to-day arrested. WALLACE DECORATED.

Richard Wallace has received the Cross of the Legon of Honor.

#### JANIFESTO OF THE INTERNATIONALE-DEFENDING THE COMMUNE.

Meetings of adherents of the International Society h this city have been clandestinely held since the commune collapsed. The following manifesto has not only been read in the meetings of these branch societies, but the citizens are promised a strong de-nunciation from London within a few degree. Paris, 19 Prairial, an 79.

PARIS, 19 Prairial, an 79, in mesence of the fury unchained against the project awar it is the duty of all members of the Association f Workingmen to protest with all their ferce again an unparalleled return of barbarity. The commune is accused of all kinds of baseness, robbert and incendiarism. Never has Paris been procesum than during the Commune. If during the cody struggle against the soldiers of reaction than during the committed by norcaim than during the Commune. If during the oody struggle against the soldiers of reaction diaders took place they were not committed by incidents took place they were not committed by incidents took place they were not committed by incidents of the right to labor. There were some dire but in addition to those lighted by the Versaak had not Paris—crushed by the lanissaries of relion, of despotians—the right to bury herself behalf her ruins, with the cry of "Vive la Commune!" is the real to sa sassasins, robbers, incengies! It is for you to judge and make your choice, so the creation of the world the practaire is the we at capital, of the clergy, of the nobility. Adding that we may have committed all the crimes which they accuse us, are not our oppressors a busing that we may have committed all the crimes which they accuse us, are not our oppressors a busing that we may have committed all the crimes which they accuse us, are not our oppressors a busing the theory of the committed is having desired the liberty of the them our hand; they rejected it. Working on! our crime is having desired the liberty of the channel patients of woman—in a word, the get to live. During a few days we arrived at our lest. We have succombed; we are not conquered. Here cannot conquer socialism, for it is right and natice. Come to us. We have opened the road; we law strewn it with our dead bodies. They are signoss for our children. There is no longer the power of frawing back; the struggle has commenced. Fais has shown you what the people can do. Forward and let us avenge, by the ruin of society as it at present exists, our brothers who have died in order to withdraw us from the yoke of our secular oppressors—priests, kings and capital. "Five la Commune?" "Vive la Republique Sociale."

## SPAIN.

The Ministerial Crisis-Final Resignation of the Cabinet-Hostile Attitude of the Cortes.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

MADRID, June 26, 1871. The Presidents of the Senate and the Chamber of Deputies, after a long audience with the King, had n interview with the Ministers, informing the latter that the King refused to accept their resignations.

The Cabinet, which was in council until four p'clock this morning, however, decided to persist in its resignation, in consequence of the attitude of he majority in the Cortes. It is believed that only Moret and Zorida will ultimately retire.

A majority of the Cortes have held a meeting to hay for the purpose of considering the King's re-The majority decided not to change its programm and to maintain its opposition to the Ministry. A osition to modify the address to the Throne, which led to the Ministerial crisis, was rejected,

## ENGLAND.

'A Thousand Workmen Turned Adrift-Snow Storm in Shields-Banquet of the Cobden Club.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, June 28, 1871.

A thousand workmen have been turned out of emdoyment by the burning of the Manchester Cotton

There was quite a snow storm in Shields this

of the United States, responded to the toast in honor of America at the Cobden Club banquet.

## QUICK PASSAGE.

The Inmao Steamer City of Brooklyn QUEENSTOWN, June 28, 1871. The steamship City of Brooklyn, from New York on the 17th inst., arrived here at one o'clock A. M. to-day, making the passage in eight days and six hours. She subsequently sailed for Liverpools

#### CENTRAL AMERICA.

Discovery of Coal Mines-Revolution in Bolivia-Insurrection and Guerilla Warfare in Guatemala.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

Kingston, Ja., June 26, 1871. According to despatches from Lima. Peru, of the 4th, excellent coal mines have been discovered on the Bolivian frontier.

BOLIVIA. The efforts to suppress the revolution in Bolivia have proved unsuccessful. GUATEMALA.

The insurrection in Guatemala is spreading, and the indications are that now the revolutionists have possession of the entire country. General Colenzea routed the government troops at Chiche and captured Retalutino. A guerilla warfare is now carried on.

Peace prevails in San Salvador, but the Ministry is unpopular. The rains seriously impede commu nication with the interior. Duenas and Martine have been liberated. Telegraph lines are being con

HONDURAS. The insurrection in Hondaras has been quelied

and Xatruch has left the country.

COSTA RICA. Costa Rica is quiet. Recent heavy rains did a good deal of damage. The cattle disease is spread-

#### COLOMBIA.

Difficulties Between the Government and a Railroad Company.

> TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. KINGSTON, Ja., June 26, 1871.

Panama dates up to Friday last announce that the railroad directors have notified the government that they will refuse to pay annually, hereafter, the \$250,000, and offer, instead, to allow the government a certain proportion of the profits.

Bogota journals are urging the government to con-tinue the construction of the railroad.

#### CUBA.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

Movements of Valmaseda Against the Insurgents.

HAVANA, June 26, 1871. Captain General Valmaseda has arrived at Santia go de Cuba. He is concentrating his forces in order to deal a crushing blow to a large body of insur-

#### JAMAICA.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. KINGSTON, Ja., June 26, 1871. The stock of white pine and shingles is exhausted.

Labor is scarce and many workmen are in a stary-

ing condition. NEWS FROM CALIFORNIA.

End of the Amador Miners' Strike-The bliners Surprised by the Military-Arrival of Magdalena Bay Emigrants-Rascality

of the Lower California Company. San Francisco, June 28, 1871. The First battalion, First regiment, N. G. C., made a forced march from Sacramento yesterday, reaching Suter Creek, Amador county, last night, taking the riotous miners by surprise. No resistance was offered, but many insults were given to the troops. The inhabitants generally were delighted at being

relieved from the terrorism of the miners, who are in league. The pumps will be started in the mines to-morrow morning, and the miners who may be willing to work will be protected. Adjutant General Cassenau is in command of the troops. The rioters are making many threats, but they have no chance of successful resistance.

The ship Otage has arrived from Hong Kong with

of successful resistance.

The ship Otage has arrived from Hong Kong with 300 Chinese on board and a fuli cargo, consigned exciusively to Chinese merchants.

The steamship Moniana has actived from Panama. Among the passengers are seventy-six men, sent from New York to Magdialena Bay by the Lower California Company, who walked to La Paz, where they were humanely treated by the Mexican authorities, who issued rations to keep them from starvation. They say they were compelled to sign an agreement to release the company from hisbility for damage before they were permitted to leave. Some are sick and some are barefoot, but all are haggard and utterly destitute. They are now in front of the City Hall, seeking relief from the Mayor. The indignation of the men against the Lower California Company is unbounded.

## AN INSANE WOMAN SHOT.

An Insane Woman Mistaken for a Burglar

and Shot. BALTIMORE, June 26, 1871. A young woman, aged about twenty years, name unknown, was murdered at an early hour on Satur. day morning, near Chase's station, on the Philadelphia Railroad, by a party of men, who claim to phia Railroad, by a party of men, who claim to have mistaken her for a man dressed in woman's clothes, who had been prowling about the neighborhood for some time, stealing poultry, &c. She was first seen on Friday night acting suspiciously, and early Saturday morning a party of four whites and two colored men went in search of her. They found her sitting on the bank beside the railroad track, and one Joseph League, who was armed with a shot gun, fired, the charge taking effect in her forehead, killing her instantly. The woman had blue eyes, long flaxen hair, was neatly clad and of a lady like appearance. It is supposed she was insane and had escaped from custody. The murderer has been arrested, and the authorities are investigating the affair.

## ON A STRIKE.

Stone Cutters on the New Capitol on a Strike-Ten Hours' Wages for Eight Hours' Labor-Their Demand Refused by the Capitol Com ALBANY, June 26, 1871.

The stone cutters on the new Capitol having de manded \$4 50 a day for eight hours' work, that being the pay they have received for ten hours' work, the Board of Capitol Commissioners have adopted the following:-

antopted the following:—

The new Capitol Commissioners, being convinced that the wages heretofore paid to mechanics and laborers employed upon the New Capitol work are fully equal to any paid elsewhere in the State, and in their opinion afford liberal compensation for the work required, and not feeling authorized to pay more than is paid by other employers for similar labor, have unanimously adopted the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the superintendent be directed to employe, and the treasurer to pay mechanics and laborers employed and to be employed on the new Capitol work the same rate of wages, for the different classes of work, that has been paid heretofore.

## WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICES,
WASHINGTON, June 27-1 A. M. Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The cloudy weather of Sunday night in the Middle States has very slowly moved to the south and southeast and is gradually disappearing. Clear weather now prevails from Maine to Marviand, and west Wisconsin and Missouri. Cloudy weather, with occasional light rains, is reported from the South Atlantic States and Florida. The barometer has fallen, but is now rising in New England and the Northwest. The temperature is falling in the Eastern States, and is stationary on the Gulf Light winds and calms are everywhere rsported.

Probabilities

It is probable that the cloudy weather in the Southern States will be followed by clear weather on Toesday. An area of high barometer, with partially cloudy weather, will probably extend over the Mississippi valley and the Middle States, and pleasant weather, with light winds, will very generally prevail east of the Rocky Mountains.

The Wenther in the City Yesterday. The tollowing record will show the changes in the parison with the corresponding day of last year, as

3 P. M. 95½ 83 6 P. M. 90½ 81 9 P. M. 81 78 12 P. M. 79 75 75½ 

# PRESIDENT GRANT

His Views on the Questions of the Hour.

Secretary Fish to Remain in the Cabinet.

HONEST TOM TO REMAIN COLLECTOR,

No Changes To Be Made in New York or Brooklyn.

The Utah Quarrel To Be Fully Investigated.

Admiral Rodgers and the New York Herald.

LONG BRANCH, June 26, 1871. Nearly all our Sunday visitors, including the roubled Brooklyn politicians, went away this morning, and there is not a ripple of excitement on the surface of the Branch. I drove over to see the President after breakfast, and was fortunate enough to meet him. He looked exceedingly pleased, and was reading the HERALD as I saluted him. The hasty departure of all the bothering politicians who were here since Friday was an immense relief. I have never seen him in a better mood. He readily entered into conversation and spoke with much earnestness. After some preliminary talk on trivial matters I remarked that there seemed to be a good deal of trouble prewing in Utah Territory.
"No," he said, "I don't anticipate any particular

trouble there. That kind of trouble always prevails where there are

PEOPLE WHO WANT OFFICES and can't get them. I suppose there are men outside of Utah similarly afflicted. The charges made against the judiciary of Utah are serious enough; but I don't think they are true. It is stated that one of the judges has an interest in a silver mine, and that he is using his position as a judge in his own favor. I don't think that that is so; of course if it is so that judge is not the man for the place—he'll have to go.' "You have had visits, sir, from some people from

the Pacific coast who are interested in THE UTAH QUARREL ?" "Yes, I am asked to take a certain course; but I

will not take any steps until I have made a full investigation of the truth or falsity of the charges presented to me. My impression is that the charge are groundless; but I intend to probe the matter. and if any action is necessary-wny, I'll act, that's

"You will not do anything in a hurry, Mr. Presi "No. Politicians, of course, will make the best case they can for their own interests. Constant war s being waged by

THE 'OUTS' AGAINST THE 'INS', but I am not inclined to obey the behests of everybody."

"The 'outs' are confident, sir, that you are about to take A NEW DEPARTURE." "Indeed! That's the nrst I heard of it. What

"It is said, sir, that Mr. Fish is to be removed: that Collector Murphy and the United States District Attorney of New York will have to walk the plank, and, in fact, that there is going to be 'a new deal'

"Well, I think I should have heard something of all that if there was any truth in it. How

THE POLITICAL TINEERS are to reconstruct the Cabinet, dismiss and appoint officers without my knowledge is more than I can missed; I only hope he will not resign. I should be very sorry if Mr. Pisa retired from the Cabinet. I don't think that he intends to retire. I have not heard anything about it."

"That ought to settle that matter. What about Murphy ?"

"MURPHY WILL STAY where he is, and I don't intend to change any of the

"Nor in Brooklyn, Mr. Presidenty" "No; there is nothing the matter there. The fellows who are outside want to scramble inside the official coach, and I suppose they can't help making a noise in the effort. That is the only trouble and it isn't much."

A RIG JUMP from Brooklyn to the Corea, Mr. President, but I have to try it. Do you approve of the conduct of Admiral Rodgers in refusing permission to the HERALD correspondent to accompany the naval ex-

pedition 977 "I don't know enough of that affair to be able to say. It is to be regretted that we could not have the news. All I have heard of the Corean expedi tion and its operations I read here (holding out his copy of the HERALD). I believe, though, in the right of the commander of the expedition to say who shall and who shall not accompany him. Naval vessels do not generally carry outside passen-

ADMIRAL RODGERS

gers."

bad a number of 'outside passengers' with him." "Well, Mr. \_\_\_\_," replied the President, "the Corea is a good way off, and we shouldn't be too hasty in delivering judgments on the conduct of the officers serving there-at least until we know all the facts. The affair you speak of may wear a brighter look by and by."

The President smiled pleasantly as he said this, and I saw that he did not care to say more on that subject. The conversation was then changed. President Grant will leave

FOR PRINCETON, N. J., to-morrow morning, and thence will go to Washington to hold a Cabinet meeting. He will return about Saturday.

As I was leaving the President an amusing scene occurred. One of the children at the house has a silver hare—an Alaskian, I think—and it is a great pet. A dog-a perfect bully of a hound-rooted the little animal out of the shrubbery, and went for him pell-mell. The children screamed, the dog barked and the hare cried. My sympatnies were aroused on behalf of the hare, and I

KICKED AT THE DOG. and, of course, missed him. There was great excitement for a few minutes, but it did not extend to the President. He glanced over the HERALD to where the dog and hare were making the dust fiv in the shrubbery, apparently indifferent as to the luck of the dog or the fate of the hare. No doubt he was thinking, as I thought on recovering myself after my wretched effort on behalf of the hare, that the pursuer and pursued were types of the political animals who daily invade his grounds.

## AFFAIRS IN OHIO.

Stenmbout Sunk-Sunday Libraries in Cincinnati-Operatives Bringing a Delinquent Employer to Terms. CINCINNATI, June 26, 1871.

The steamer Leonidas, which sunk to-day opposite New Albany, was insured here for \$11,000, which the insurance companies claim will be reduced to

the insurance companies claim will be reduced to about \$8,000 on account of her depreciated value, She was valued last January at \$16,000, and left here on Saturday for New Orleans with a valuable cargo of cincinnati freight.

The experiment of opening the public libraries on Sandays has not equalled the public expectations. Comparatively few persons now attend them.

There was considerable excitement in Newark, Onio, on Saturday night by the arrest of George S. Tiglet, President of the Newark Rolling Mill Company, by 150 operatives, who proceeded to Granville, took nim into custody and returned to Newark, where he was placed in the company's office under guard. Back pay, which it was claimed the president had the means of paying, was the cause. He was finally released until to-day, when he promised to properly account for the funds in his hands.

#### AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATRE-"KATHLEEN MAYOURNERS."-This favorite old Irish play was produced last even ing, with Rose and Harry Watkins in the two principal characters. There is a good deal of sentiment in the play, and the exquisitely plaintive music of "Kathleen Mavourneen," which runs like a thread through every scene and act, has a singularly attractive effect. Mrs. Watkins, unlike most of the women who attempt Irish characters on the stage, delivers the brogue with its full and natural flavor. made an oversight, however, at intervals, in returning to a style of elocutio vals, in returning to a style of elocution totally foreign to the Irish peasant girl. Harry Watkins played Terence O'Moore with his usual dash, and Frank Mordaunt realized fully the character of Colonel Bernard Cavanagh. The murderer's part, as sustained by Mr. Hagan, lost none of its repulsive atrocity; and Billy Buttoncap, "the awul willin," was made very amusing in the hands of Mr. Locke. Something like half a dozen somes were given by Mrs. Wakkins, and a "rale ouid Irish jig." wound up the periormance. A sympathetic audience is very apt to be kept oscillating between laughter and tears by a play like "Kathleen Mavourneen," and no play can be deemed worthless that is capable of producing this effect. The drama of "Under Two Flaga" is in preparation.
"Humpty Duptry" AT Woop's Museum.—The

"HUMPTY DUMPTY" AT WOOD'S MUSEUM .- The

renowned and successful pantomime entitled "Humpty Dumpty," whose remarkable rise and has been read oftener perhaps than even that of the Roman Empire, was presented last evening at Wood's Museum by the Fox and Denier Panto mime Troupe for the first time in many months. In fact, it was the "third volume" of this standard work, and made its appearance amply illustrated with gilt edges and thoroughly revised, with notes by the orchestra and some excellent calf bindings. It was the old original "Humpty Dumpty" which George Fox made so famous at the Olympic, and which, in spite of the fact that it was "run" for nearly five hundred nights, could not be run into the ground. This is the last week of the Fox-Denier company, and all who wish to see the famous old pantominne rendered in amusing style by a first class pantomine company snould not lose this opportunity. Tony Denier is unquestionably one of the leading clowns on the stage, and has an able second in Fox. A. W. Mafin, as Harlequin, performs some exceedingly interesting feats of agility, and his wonderful "spade dance" was heartly applianted last night, as was also a songand Irish jig by Miss Nellie Sanford, the good and pretty genius of the piece. Altogether the piece is well mounted and admirably presented, and deserves to draw good houses during its presentation, as it certainly did last night.

GLOBE THEATRE.—This house reopened for the work, and made its appearance amply illustrated

GLOBE THEATRE.-This house reopened for the summer season last evening, with Mr. E. Eddy a Jacques, the Ponce Spy, in his own play of that name. The piece is a melodrama of the highly sensational kind, full of thrilling situations, rocky precipices, dangerous leans, bastiles, &c. Mr. Eddy seemed to carry the whole piece through on his own shoulders, receiving very little assistance from the company. His physique and voice are as strong as when years ago he held the patrons of the "Old Bowery" spell-nound, and the cry of "Eddy," "Eddy," resounded from pit to dome. The audience that greeted him last evening, though small, were to the full as enthusiastic, and Mr. Eddy was received as only an old favorite ever is.

FOURTEENTH STREET THEATRE-OWEN MARLOWE' TESTIMONIAL BENEFIT .- A highly fashionable and satisfactory house greeted Owen Marlowe at the old French Theatre in Fourteenth street last evening, at the testimonial benefit tendered him by his friend as a "send off," on the occasion of his departure for San Francisco. The bill was a spicy one, including four good petite comedies—"A Pretty Piece of Business," in which Mr. Marlowe himself appeared as Captain Merryweather; "The Loan of a Lover," in which Lucilie Western and Mr. Hearne played the broad comedy parts of Gertrude and played the broad comedy parts of Gertrude and Peter Spyk; "The Widow's Victim," wherein the Philadelphia man of many accomplishments, Mr. Robert Craig, played Jerry Clip, and presented very excellent imitations not only of the usual stage nonables, but of Dickens at his reading desk; and the farcical drama of "Robert Macaire" concluded the evening's entertainment. Being freely interspersed beside with ballads somewhat indifferently rendered by Mr. W. J. Hill and a reading of the "Heathen Chinee" by an evident amateur, it did not come to a close until nearly midnight. Miss Westen's rendition of low comedy deserves more than a passing criticism. This remarkable woman seems to be merely an actress in the rough, one that has become an actress merely from long continuance upon the stage without study; but her Gertrude showed last evening that she had even extraordinary talent in the comic line. Her full was of the exuberant, infectious sort, that keeps her audience as much convulsed with laughter and good nature as her enotional parts usually keep the weaker vessels among them convulsed with tears and good nature as her enotional parts usually keep the weaker vessels among them convulsed with tears and good nature as her enotional parts usually keep the weaker vessels among them convulsed with tears and good nature as her enotional parts usually keep the weaker vessels among them convulsed with tears and agonizing pity. Mr. Craig, we believe, is new to this city, and had merely stepped on this occasion, en route, to render this service to a friend. He deserves a metropolitan fame, nowever, for his versatility, not only of character roles, but of vocal intonation which is remarkable. Mr. Mariowe was warmly applauded on his appearance, and at the end of the first piece, the only one in which he appeared, he was called several times before the curtain. Finally he made a speech, thanking the audience kindly for their interest, the press for being so tender with him and the ladies and gentlemen who had vointeered for him Peter Spyk; "The Widow's Victim," wherein the the spot where the HERALD building now stands, cess he had made. He would return from San

# RAILROAD DISASTER.

Smash-up on the Boston and Maine Railroad-Two Men Killed and Two Badly Wounded-Six Cars Wrecked.

BRUNSWICK, Me., June 26, 1871. The Pullman express train for Boston was thrown rom the track near Freeport this afternoon by the breaking of an axle of the tender. Two baggage

and four passenger cars were badly smashed. George Chase, of Skowhegan, baggage master, was killed; Albert Barron, of Skowhegan, brakeman, was killed also, and L. A. Larrabee, of Skowhegan, another brakeman, had a leg broken. None of the passengers were injured. The Pullman car

A train was at once despatched from here with physicians and rallroad men, and another was sent from Fortland. No blame is attached to any

was not damaged.

The evening train from Portland was delayed several hours by the accident, but the track is now clear and the night train will run as usual.

#### ADMIRAL RODGERS AND THE PRESS. (From the Newark Daily Journal.) To the American people the daily newspaper is as

indispensable as a cup of choice Java essence or other necessary breakfast beverage. Rear Admiral Rodgers of the navy is not disposed to consider this matter, and accordingly refused the representative of the New York Herald at Nagasaki permission to join the Corean expedition on which his fleet was about starting, although allowing a photographer, a subject of Great Britain, this privilege. The Ad-miral is averse to having his herote deeds (7) resubject of Great Britain, this privilege. The aumiral is averse to having his heroic deeds (7 recorded, but with wondrous modesty has no objection
to be photographed in all his brave attitudes in his
bullion besprinkled uniform. It will surprise us,
however, if the Herallo does not find means to get
the news and snap his fingers in the face of suity
Jack Rodgers. The chief reason of refusal is ridiculously absurd, as follows:—

If anything is published, either here or in the Atlantic States, the purport of it will be likely to find its way back to he Coreans through the Chinese, who get access to the con-cuts of our newsympers.

# ROWDYISM IN TRENTON.

McAlister and McCarthy On a Murderous Errand.

At the Trenton Police Court yesterday Michael

accarthy and Duniel McAlister were charged with naving committed an atrocious assault and battery on Mrs. Eugenoch on the previous Saturday night. Mr. Eugenoch, husband of the injured woman, keeps a lager beer saloon on Warren street. Trenton, Or Saturday night the defendants entered the saloon in a very disorderly manner and demanded drink, which Mrs. Eugenoch refused. They then set upon the poor woman and beat her in a savage manner, striking her on the back with a large bung nammer. Mrs. Engenoch, who is about to become a mother, was in a critical condition all day on Sunday. She was conveyed to the City Hall yesterday morning to make her statement, but had to be taken home before the Mayor arrived. McCartny, who is father of five children under seven years of age, and is possessed of some property, gave ball in the sum of \$500. McAlister, who could furnish no ball, was sent to the Connty Jan.

# PERILS OF A TEACHER.

An Indiguant Parent-Attempt to Hang a

Teacher. CHICAGO, June 26, 1871. at Princeville, Id, on Saturday, a man named McNamee attempted to hang Miss Potter, a school teacher, for punishing his child. He seized the lady, fastened a rope around her neck and dragged her to the school door, when she was rescued by two men passing at the time. McNamye is in lath

# WASHINGTON. THE LOUISIANA SENATORSHIP

Notes in Circulation.

Nativity of the Population of New York City.

#### Proposal to Replace the Loan of 1862.

WASHINGTON, June 26, 1871. Counterfelt Bank Notes in Circulation.

It has been ascertained from official sources that nere is no basis or evidence to sustain the statement of detectives that there are \$10,000,000 in counterfeit notes of national banks in circulation.

The Ku Klux Investigation.

The Ku Klux Investigating Committee to-day exmined L. M. Jentry, of South Carolina, with reference to the Spartanburg difficulties in that State last year, and William H. Howe and John Hall, in regard to the condition of affairs in North Carolina, The two latter were rallroad contractors in Chatham county, and were driven off from work, as is illeged, by Ku Klux, of whom they afterward procured the arrest of several by Governor Holden's troops. Howe went to North Carolina from Virginia, ynd Hall from New York.

Nativity of Residents of New York City. The following is the classified table of the nativity of the population of the city of New York, as just completed at the Census Bureau;

UNITED STATES.

ì	States.	White.		States	White.	met.
9	Alabama	188	11	New York	475.846	8,763
3	Arkansas	19	3	North Carolina.	251	116
83	California	240	9	Ohio		16
W	Connecticut	4.987	154	Oregon	19	1
8	Delaware	179	135	Pennsylvania	4.589	533
8	Fiorida	86	15	Rhode Island	818	44
31	Georgia	407	72	South Carolina	537	133
S)	Linois	400	2	Tennessee	150	14
15	Indiana	148	- 1000	Texas	64	5
60	Iowa	51		Vermont		- 8
B	Kansas	17		Virginia	1.105	936
J	Kentucky	sii	25	West Virginia	20	15
	Kentucky	517	34	West Virginia		
	Louisiana			Wisconsin		1
톘	Maine	1,210	14	Dist. Columbia	329	111
	Maryland	1,262	765	Territories.		
	Massachusetts	5,915	80	Alaska		-
	Michigan	186	9	Arizona	1	-
Ø	Minnesota	20	-	Colorado	1	-
37	Mississippi	96	7	Dakota		-
1	Missouri	237	6	New Mexico	10	1
	Nebraska	6	-	At sea under U.		
2	Nevada	3	-	S. flag	8	-
8	New Hampshire.	765	2	Not stated	259	7
ä	New Jersey	7,445	616			
G	Total United St	ates			510,553	12,645
쪥	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	FORE	an c	OUNTRIES.	120000000	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Ħ	Africa	39	11	Saxony	1.857	1
Ø	Arabia	3	-	Weimar	9	
8	Asia	10	1	Westphalia	12	
S	Atlantic Islands.	6	1	Wurtemberg	4,616	0 0
	Australia	64			80,494	10
8	Austria	2,743		Germany	00,404	
		2,145		Gibraitar	2	-
9	Bahama	328	774			3
	Beigium		-	Greece	48	-
	Bermuda		1	Holland		-
Ε.	Bohemia	1,487	100	Hungary	421	77
20	Canada	3,450	37	India	19	3
	New Brunswick.	230	-	Ireland	201,999	64
L	Newfoundland	83	-	Isle of Mun	10	-
ø	Nova Scotla	403	8	Italy	2,789	1
9	Prince Ed. Island		111-	Japan	1	3
		4444	- 4		1 Mark	

Mexico
Malta
Norway
Madeira
Pacino Islands
Mauritios
Poland
Portugal
Persia
Russia
St. Helena
Sandwich Isl'ds
Sardinia
Seotland South America Prosis Conieswig - Hol-

States and color not specified. New York Custom House Appointments. The Secretary of the Treasury to-day confirmed the following appointments in the Appraiser's office in New York:-Clarence W. Meade, Examiner: William Y. Volian, Sampler; C. M. Keyser, Verifier; C. S. Southworth and B. H. Hornbeck, Clerks and Verifiers; William P. Mix, Clerk; Timothy C. Donahoe, Frank Buckle, John McNulty and Francis Gillen. Openers and Packers.

.415,646

adhesive stamps for the fliscal year ending June 30, 1871, was \$15,000,000. The amount received to date the year the receipts will probably exceed the esti-

Close Guessing by Secretary Boutwell.

Proposal to Replace a Portion of the Loan of 1862.
The Secretary of the Treasury has for some time past been receiving from financial men in different parts of the country suggestions in relation to the loan, some of them advising that certain amounts of the issue of 1862 be replaced before the new five

per cent. This subject now occupies the attention of the Secretary, and it is supposed he will soon

come to a conclusion upon it. Settlers on the Osage Reservation. The Commissioner of the General Land Office today authorized the land officers at Humboldt and Augusta, Kansas, to continue to receive proof of settlement and cultivation and payments from bond fide settlers on the Osage Indian trust and diminished reserve lands until the 15th day of next Sep tember, being an extension of two months, rendered necessary in justice to the settlers, on account of the

non-completion of government surveys. Postmasters Appointed. The President has appointed the following Postmasters:-David M. Simmons, Jacksonville, Ill. C. W. Dustan, Demopolis, Ala.: Isaac H. Caldwell,

Waco, Texas: Miss Augusta B. Benaud, West Point,

N. Y.; Eltas Wilson, Miliville, N. J.; Abram Har kins, Rochester, Minn. Amount of Spirituous Liquors in the Market. gallons of domestic and imported distilled spirits in the United States on the 1st day of May, 1871, in bond and tax paid, was announced to-day by the

Commissioner of Internal Revenue:-

Gallons. | Gallons | Gallons | Gallons | Gallons | Highwines | 3,608 | Peach brandy | 2,628 | Whiskey | 69,179 | Grape brandy | 94,243 | Rum | 103,560 | Other brandles | 161,540 | Gin | 178,723 | 620,978 | Total | 5prits out of cond | 32,820,819 | Sprits in bond | Total spirits in bond...... 8,018,347

## ASSASSINS IN INDIANA.

out districts.

decrease, 4,798,826 gallons. This report does not in-

Attempt to Murder a Family in Lawrence County-Their Dwelling Set on Fire-Two Men Sho:-\$10,000 Reward for the As. LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 26, 1871. Vesterday near Origans, Lawrence county, Ind., a

party of assassias attacked the house of the Moody family, consisting of four old batchelor brotners, Mrs. Talliver, their sister, and a nired man named Lee. Three jugs of benzine were thrown followed by several large torpedoes loaded with puckshot, nails, screws and similar missiles. The torpedoes expioding set fire to the benzine and aroused the family, when the assainants opened fire with revolvers into the doors and windows. Thomas Moody was shot in the hip. Lee received severe, wounds in the thigh and another in the back. Mry. Talliver was terribly burned. The assassins escaped. The community is greatly excited. Fen thousand dollars has been raised to prosecute the guilty parties when caught. Moody's condition is hopeless and Lee's is very doubting.

Amount of Counterfeit Bank Grand Republican Mass Meeting in New Orleans.

> Senator Kellogg After the Spoils-President Grant's Administration Endors d-Kellogg Recommended for Re-Election.

NEW ORLEANS, June 26, 1871. Senator Kellogg is by no means disposed to retire to private life at the conclusion of his present term in the United States Senate, and is accordingly working his cards for a re-election. The Senator is a shrewd man, in his way, and, although a comparatively late importation from Illinois, has managed to acquire great influence in Louisiana politics. In case he should fail to "make his calling and election sure" he has a claim upon the administration which will no doubt secure him a fat berth when his Senatorial mantle is removed. Kellogg knows the President remembers his friends, and Kellogg accordingly remembers the President. In accordance with this noble sentiment of gratitude, so characteristic of Illinois politicians, the Senator set the proper machinery to work, and to-night there was a great commotion in the republican camp. There was a grand turnout of the faithful to receive Kellogg. It was, in truth, a great affair-a perfect success. The republicans turned out en masse, and if noise and numbers show the sentiment of the people Kellogg is the most popular man in the

The meeting, however, was not altogether Kellogg. The Senator graciously deigned to divide the honors with the administration. Kellogg spoke-of course he did; and, after talking about Kellogg, he introduced a resolution endorsing Presi-dent's Grant's financial policy and the Alabama treaty. Thus Kellogg endorses th President, and if the next Legislature should fall to return Kellogg to the United States Senate it is expected that he will be duly cared for the President. The conclusion of this demonstration was fully in accordance with the intention of its disinterested and patriotic originator. A resolution was adopted recommending Kellogg for re-election. The Senator thus hopes to head off all competition; but he has many competitors, and his uttimate success is by no means certain.

#### NEW HAMPSHIRE LEGISLATURE.

Securing a Working Democratic Majority is the House-Republicans to be Unsented Courting the Support of an Independent

CONCORD. June 25, 1871. Since Friday morning this city has been comparatively quiet in politics. Meanwhile the majority have had frequent consultations as to the questions of the policy of Mr. Bingham, the leader of the democrats, who holds his party well in hand; while behind him, working with untiring energy, is Mr. C. Lincoln. It is understood that the election cases will come up first in the order of business on Tuesday, and the committee will report on ward two of Portsmouth and take up ward one. The testimony given in the ward two case by a majority shows in all 140 names on the check list not legally there. On the other hand, Mr. Stacy Whitter, who, it was sworn, had been dead five years, has sent in an amdavit that he still lives. The probabilities are that members from wards one and two, eight in number, will be sent home, the wards having falled to keep records of the ratable poils not voters, and consequently there is representation beyond pollation. The policy is, beyond doubt, to bring some test question before the Senaie, that the position of Senator Smith may be tested. The majority lack confidence in his support of their party measures and removals, while the republicans are confidenths life-long pollitical record will not be faisified should he fail to support the democracy. No inference can at present be drawn on the State officers except that of Mr. Cogswell as Treasurer. will come up first in the order of business on Tues-

# MR. BERGH AND THE FISHERMEN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:complaint against Mr. Cassidy, the great troutist, for crucity to fish. Now I know Mr. Bergh to be an old fractly to lish. Now I know ar. Bergit to be an old fisherman himself and likes the sport yet, provided there is pienty of trout, suckers or any other kind of fish to take his bait. I think Mr. Bergit might let up on Cass, as it is his first ofence and not likely to be repeated. The oldest farmers say that it will take at least seven years to get the streams into anything like fishing order again.

NEW YORK, June 24, 1871.

# EUROPEAN MARKETS.

67, 89%; ten-forties, 85%.
PARIS MONEY MARKET. PARIS, June 26. Rentes, 53f. FRANKFORT MONEY MARKET, FRANKFORT, June 34. FRANKFORT MONET STATES THE PRANKFORT MONEY STATES THE S

## VIEWS OF THE PAST.

JUNE 27. 1864 - Battle of Kenesaw, Ga.; General Sherman's forces repulsed. 1859—Queen Victoria assaulted by Pate, an ex-army officer, in London.

1801—Cairo, Egypt, surrendered by its French garrison to the allied British and Turks.

1709—Battle of Pultowa, Russia; Peter the Great completely defeated Charles XII., of Sweden.

# MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The steamship Silesia will leave this port on The solay for Plymouth and Hamburg.

The mails for Europe will close at the Post office. t half-past eleven o'clock A. M.

will be ready at half-past nine o'clock in the morning. Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents Died.

THE NEW YORK HERALD-Edition for Europe

VAN ANTWERP.—In Brooklyn, on Monday even-ing, June 26, Mrs. J. L. VAN ANTWERP, reliet of John E. Van Antwerp. Notice of funeral hereafter. [For Other Deaths See Ninth Page.]

Burnett's Standard Preparations.-It Has been justly remarked that the popular judgment, deliberately made up, is correct and reliable. The reputation which survives its searching and critical tests is established on a firm foundation. "BURNETT'S STANDARD PREPARA-TIONS," comprising "Cocoaine," for the hair; "Kailiston," for the skin; "Cologne Water," which is unrivailed, and "Flavoring Extracts"-Lemon, Vanilla, &c .- are articles in point. They have been before the public for the last twenty years. One by one they counted their friends; then they counted their hundreds; then their thousands. Success created rivals; competition assailed them; but their sterling merits withstood all opposition, and the popular verdict has

been largely rendered in their favor. A.-Phalon's New Pertame.
I LOVE YOU.
I LOVE YOU.

A.—Herring's Patent CHAMPION SAFES, CHAMPION SAFES,

A .- For a Stylish and Elegant Hat at Popular prices, go to DUGAN, 102 Nassan street, corner of Ana-Again.—James Skriding Bradley, 71 Liberty street, whiling serve his constituents, as Con-gressman, if urged considerably. Finest Oil, Water Colored Faiotings, elegantly framed; engraved gold, black waintl. Half Broadway prices.

The Use of Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hale RENEWER bridgs new hair upon baid neads, if the hair fol-licies are not wholly dearroyed. Try it. Uneasy May Be the Hend That Wears a cowo, but the head that wears a KNOX Hat is always com-

fortable. His summer spies are the climax of art in the i of head coverings. Try one and be convinced. Wood Carpeting, 480 Broadway.-Suitable reity or country houses, halls, kitchens, draing rooms of

Warnock & Co.
Pearl Cassingre Rats, fire dellars.